

INTRODUCTION

Pituitary adenomas expressing multiple hormones, particularly those positive for PIT-1 transcription factor, present unique challenges in diagnosis and management due to their varied clinical presentations and hormonal profiles.

Diversity in hormonal secretion patterns complicates treatment decisions.

AIMS / OBJECTIVES

Our study aims to analyze the clinical characteristics, diagnostic approach, treatment strategies, and outcomes of 3 patients diagnosed with PIT-1-positive plurihormonal pituitary tumors.

MATERIALS / METHODS

We conducted a retrospective analysis of three cases of PIT-1-positive plurihormonal pituitary tumors diagnosed and treated at our institute between 2022 and 2024.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

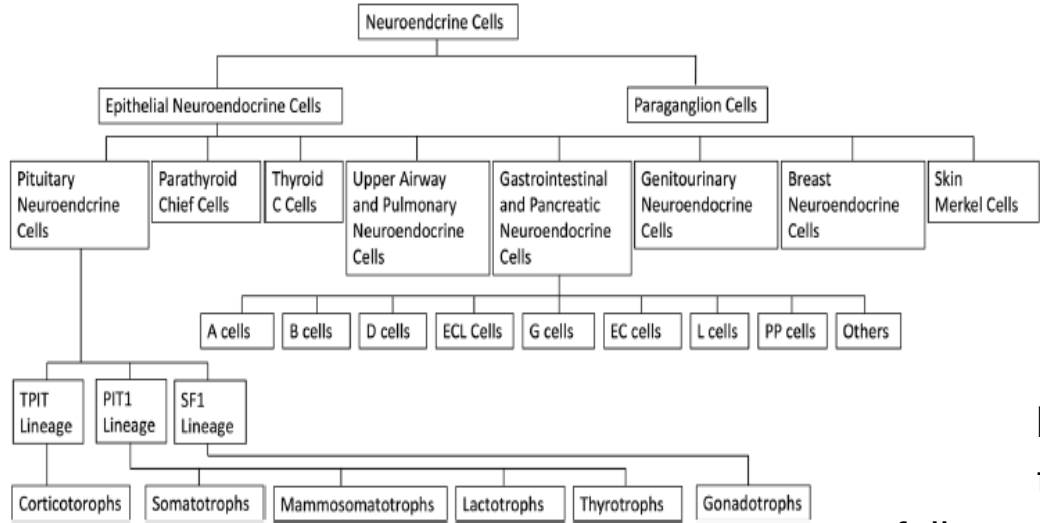
All three patients presented with varying combinations of hormonal hypersecretion, including growth hormone (GH), prolactin (PRL) and FSH,LH .

Patient	Presenting Features
49yr/F	Arcomegaly (GH, PRL Positive)
42yr/M	Non functioning
20yr/M	Non functioning(FSH, LH Positive)

Radiological imaging revealed pituitary macroadenomas in all cases, with distinct patterns of invasion and compression of adjacent structures.

Histopathological examination confirmed plurihormonal expression consistent with PIT-1 positivity.

Treatment strategies ranged from Transsphenoidal surgery(TNTS) to adjuvant medical therapy and radiation, tailored to individual tumor characteristics and hormone secretion profiles.



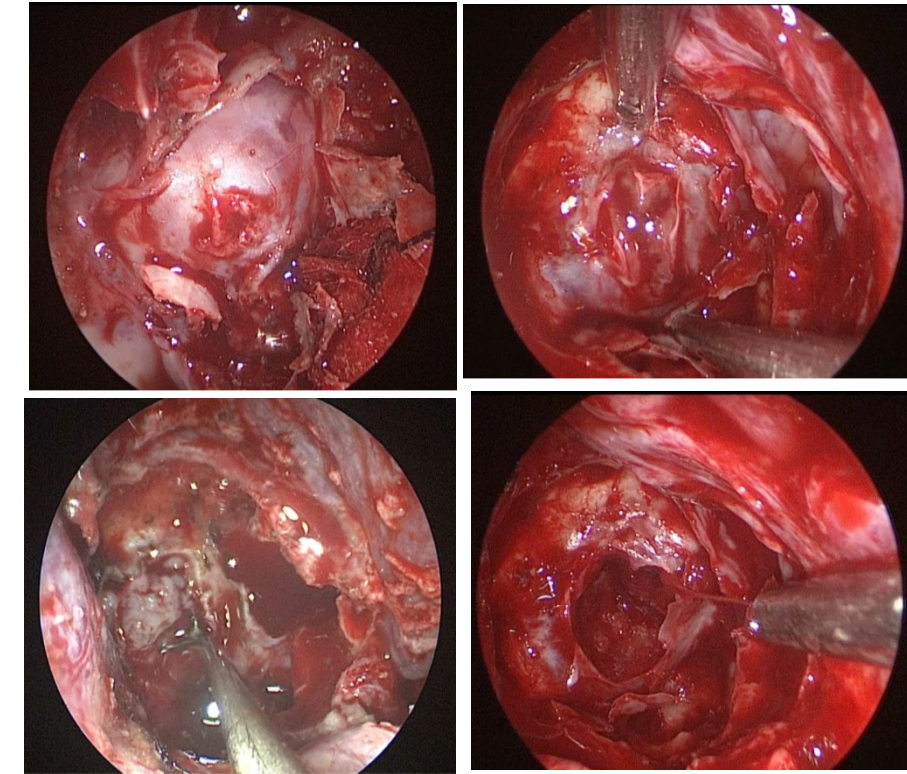
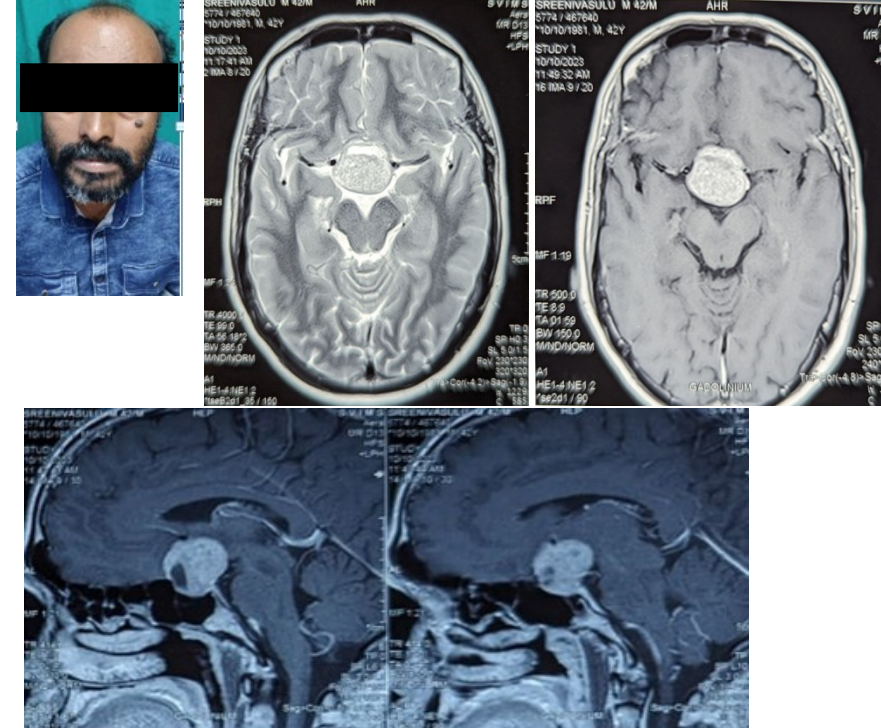
Clinical data including presenting symptoms, hormone profiles, radiological findings, histopathological features, treatment modalities and follow-up outcomes were reviewed.



## PRE AND POST OP IMAGES



## INTRA OP IMAGES



## CONCLUSION

PIT-1-positive plurihormonal pituitary tumors represent a rare subset of adenomas with complex clinical presentations and therapeutic challenges. More of a HPE diagnosis.

Further research is warranted to elucidate the molecular mechanisms driving hormone co-expression and to explore novel therapeutic targets for improved patient outcomes.

